

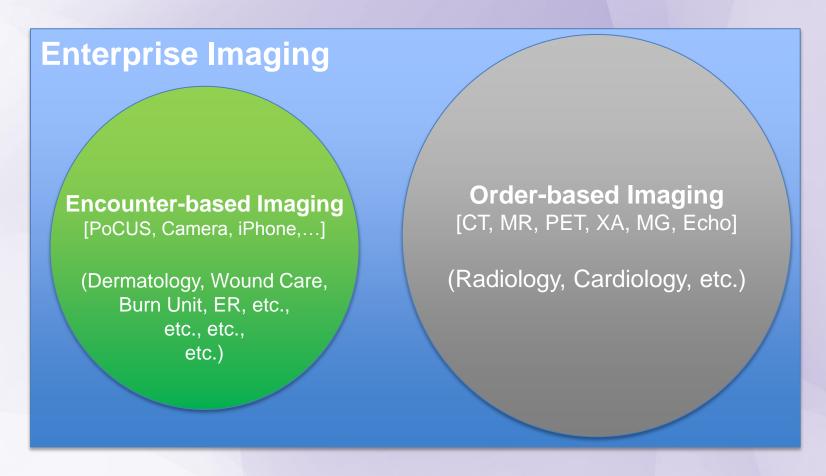
Encounter-Based Imaging Workflow (EBIW)

IHE Radiology Domain
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What's Encounter-Based Imaging?



EBI = imaging captured in the context of an encounter between a patient and a care-provider (typically without an imaging order)



So What's the Key?





Key Metadata

- To manage the images, and readily find & use them again
 - Patient Metadata
 - Name, Date of Birth, Age, ID, Other IDs, ...
 - Encounter Metadata
 - Department, Specialty, Physician, Referring Physician,
 Admission ID, Admission Date/Time, Reason for Admission, ...
 - Procedure Metadata
 - Modality, Imaging Procedure, Body Part, Reason for Imaging,
 Accession #, Acquisition Date/Time, Device, Operator,
 Acquisition Parameters (more for PoCUS than cameras), ...
 - Pixel Metadata
 - Rows, Columns, Bit Depth, Pixel Size, Encoding, ...
- ... turning a JPEG into a medical document



What's the Harm?

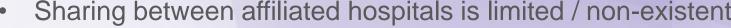
When acquisition is not integrated, complete and consistent, the quality and efficiency of care is negatively affected:

- Images buried in the paper record
- Images scanned into EMR without metadata





- Images lumped in one "folder" with no differentiation / navigation
- Imaging record fragmented across many departments
- Sharing between affiliated hospitals is limited / non-existent





- Images not readily available to the Care Team
- Time lost to awkward workflow/data capture; lack of automation



.Image Image





Profile Goals

Facilitate Clinical Use (and Billing and Analytics)

- Depends on good, consistent metadata
- Retrieval, Decision Support, Hanging Protocols, depend on consistent series names, procedure codes, etc.

Efficient Workflow

- Minimize manual data entry
- Electronic transfers

Use Cases

- Point of Care Ultrasound
- Dermatology
- Wound Care/Management
- Infectious Diseases
- Burn Care
- Plastic Surgery
- Nursing/Clinic Photography

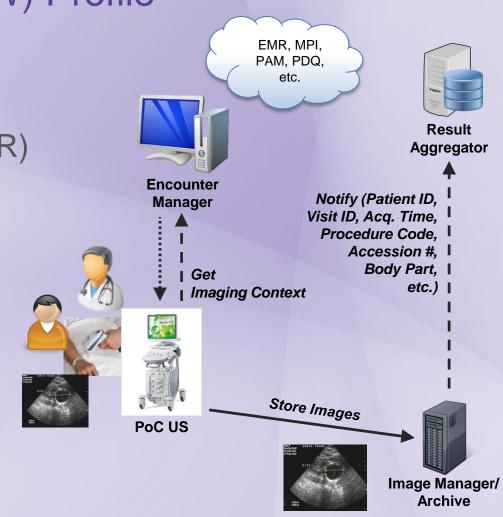


Encounter-Based Imaging Workflow (EBIW) Profile

Use Case 1:

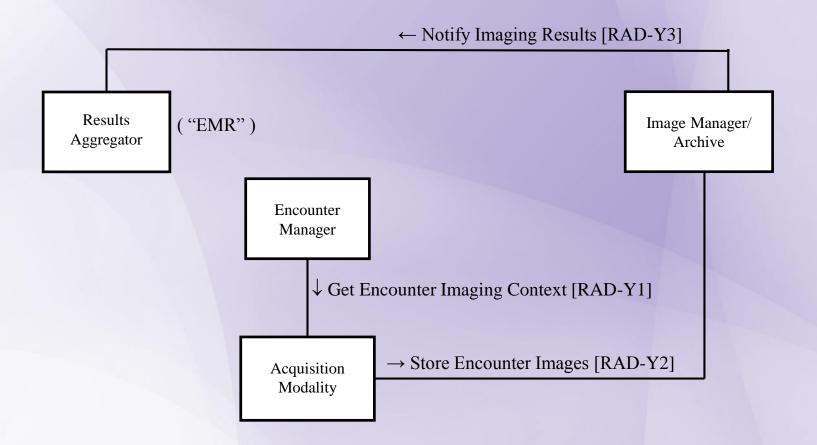
Point-of-Care Ultrasound (ER)

- Scan wristband
- [Gets metadata]
- Scan Patient
- [Adds metadata]
- [Stores Images]
- [Notifies EMR]





IHE EBIW Actors





PoCUS Applications

Inpatient Status Check in ward by Nurse / Tech / Clinician

- determine the state of bladder (empty, partial, full)
- confirm placement of needle or catheter (e.g. PICC line)

Emergency Room Evaluation by ER physician

- diagnose, detect or confirm a disorder or disease state (especially localizing fluid and evaluating amount present)
 - e.g. internal bleeding, soft tissue infection, pulmonary edema, pericardial effusion, deep venous thrombosis, gallstones, residual urine, subcutaneous abscess

Procedure Guidance by Operator

- guide a biopsy, venous catheter placement, thoracentesis, ...
- visualize device (needle, catheter, etc.) vs anatomy (tumor, blood vessel, abscess)

Outpatient Supplemental Information by Specialist

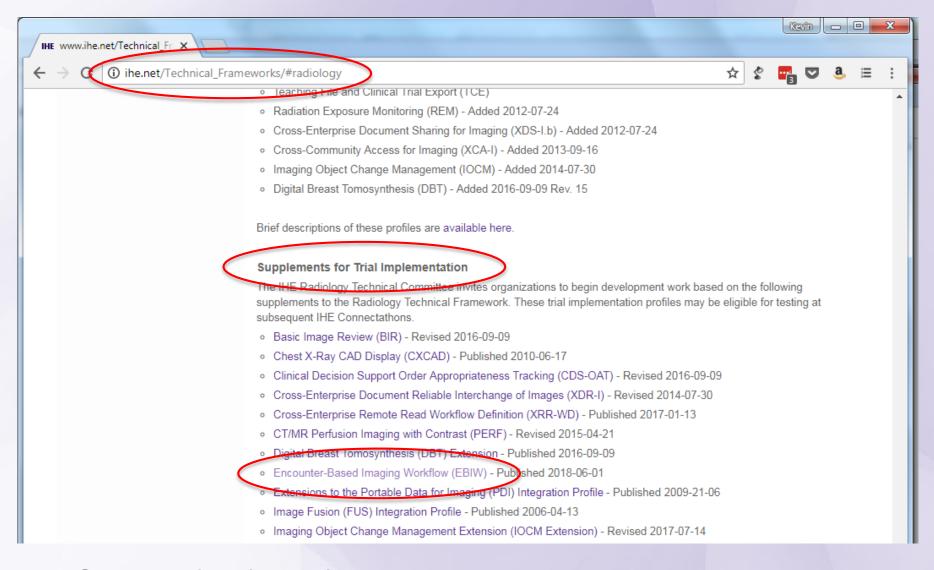
- during consultation on identified condition decides to take images
- evaluate/characterize, or document absence of suspected condition
 - e.g. breast surgeon evaluates lump detected by primary physician







Implementation Roadmap



Connectathon is coming ...