

Integrating the Healthcare Enterprise



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**IHE Patient Care Coordination
Technical Framework Supplement**

10

**eNursing Summary
(ENS)**

15

Trial Implementation

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Foreword

25 This is a supplement to the IHE Patient Care Coordination Technical Framework V9.0. Each supplement undergoes a process of public comment and trial implementation before being incorporated into the volumes of the Technical Frameworks.

This supplement is published on November 8, 2013 for Trial Implementation and may be available for testing at subsequent IHE Connectathons. The supplement may be amended based on the results of testing. Following successful testing it will be incorporated into the Patient Care
30 Coordination Technical Framework. Comments are invited and may be submitted at http://www.ihe.net/PCC_Public_Comments.

This supplement describes changes to the existing technical framework documents.

“Boxed” instructions like the sample below indicate to the Volume Editor how to integrate the relevant section(s) into the relevant Technical Framework volume.

35

<i>Amend section X.X by the following:</i>
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Where the amendment adds text, make the added text **bold underline**. Where the amendment removes text, make the removed text **~~bold strikethrough~~**. When entire new sections are added, introduce with editor’s instructions to “add new text” or similar, which for readability are not bolded or underlined.

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General information about IHE can be found at: www.ihe.net.

Information about the IHE Patient Care Coordination domain can be found at: http://www.ihe.net/IHE_Domains.

45 Information about the organization of IHE Technical Frameworks and Supplements and the process used to create them can be found at: http://www.ihe.net/IHE_Process and <http://www.ihe.net/Profiles>.

The current version of the IHE Patient Care Coordination Technical Framework can be found at: http://www.ihe.net/Technical_Frameworks.

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Introduction

This supplement is written for Trial Implementation. It is written as changes to the documents listed below. The reader should have already read and understood these documents:

1. [PCC Technical Framework Volume 1, Revision 9.0](#)
- 85 2. [PCC Technical Framework Volume 2, Revision 9.0](#)

This supplement also references other documents¹. The reader should have already read and understood these documents:

1. [IT Infrastructure Technical Framework Volume 1, Revision 10.0](#)
2. [IT Infrastructure Technical Framework Volume 2, Revision 10.0](#)
- 90 3. [IT Infrastructure Technical Framework Volume 3, Revision 10.0](#)
4. [The Patient Identifier Cross-Reference \(PIX\) and Patient Demographic Query \(PDQ\) HL7 v3 Supplement to the IT Infrastructure Technical Framework.](#)
5. HL7 and other standards documents referenced in Volume 1 and Volume 2

This supplement adds the eNursing Summary profile to Volume 1 of the IHE PCC Technical Framework, the Nursing Summary Document Content Module and related modules to Volume 2. This profile continues the work of Patient Plan of Care profile (PPOC) as it adds evaluation, handoff communication and discharge data communication to the PPOC.

Open Issues and Questions

- 100 1. Nurse give/receive report (signature) – does this need to be called out specifically in the CDA Header modules?
2. Demographics?

Closed Issues

1. Nursing Subcommittee survey (HIMSS) of 593 practicing nurses provided much information regarding data elements needed
- 105 2. Identify LOINC codes

¹ The first four documents can be found on the IHE Website at http://www.ihe.net/Technical_Frameworks/#IT. The remaining documents can be obtained from their respective publishers.

Volume 1 – Profiles

Add the following to section 1.5

1.5 Copyright Permissions

No new permissions were needed. Refer to PPOC for American Nurses Association reference.

110

Add the following to section 2.4

2.4 Dependencies of the PCC Integration Profiles

<Profile Name>	<?>	<?>	<->
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115

Add the following to section 2.5

2.5 History of Annual Changes

Add Section X

120 **X eNursing Summary Content Profile**

This profile develops data sets related to a specific clinical environment as a process to create safe, effective communication. The process ensures continuity as the patient moves through care transitions. Transitions, or “hand-offs”, occur multiple times each day in a hospital and at every change of care location.

125 For example: On a nursing unit of 44 patients with 10 nurses per 12 hour shift, a minimum of 88 reports are given daily. This does not include off unit reports for lunch breaks, special procedures lab, physical or occupational therapy, or general radiology reports on the patient given by the unit nurse.

130 Though it is recognized that communication must be interdisciplinary in nature, the scope of this profile is based on the nursing process as adapted from the scientific method. Future work is to include multidisciplinary care provider summary information to become part of the Patient Plan of Care.

135 For the eNursing Summary, a data element survey was developed and implemented to support the identification of data elements required to be used for nursing reports. Responses were received from 593 nurses. The survey results are available from the IHE Nursing Subcommittee.

X.1 Purpose and Scope

140 The Joint Commission, in 2005, analyzed 3000 adverse events. Communication was the contributing factor in 70% of these events. Communication breakdowns during transitions of patient care accounted for a 50% error rate. This study in conjunction with the work of Institutes for Healthcare Improvement and other research, acknowledged the serious need for improvement.

145 To ensure consistent information, accurate and concise communication must be present during patient care transitions or hand off. Care transitions, or “hand-offs”, occur multiple times each day in a hospital and at every change of care location. This does not include off unit reports for lunch breaks, special procedures lab, physical or occupational therapy, or general radiology reports on the patient given by the unit nurse.

150 Standardization work has been initiated by the HL7 Clinical Document Architecture group, nursing process and ISO Reference Terminology Model. European eHealth has called for a summary which crosses borders and provides a timely transfer. IHE could solve the issue by creating an interoperable nursing eHealth summary which is possible to use nationally and internationally

155 The purpose of the eNursing Summary Profile is to create an interoperable summary of nursing related data that communicates the ongoing patient care needs to another care provider. The data elements were determined by an international survey of 589 nurses. Data element information for the selected Use Cases are documented in a summary table for ease of comparison.

X.2 Process Flow

X.2.1 Use Cases

X.2.1.1 Use Case #1 Nursing Home patient admitted to Acute Care

160 A 76-year-old diabetic female patient in a long-term care facility, who typically only requires the support of prepared meals and assistance with medications, has experienced an abrupt change in behavior as indicated by serial, standardized functional status assessments. Over the past 48 hours, the patient has been complaining of feeling weak and has become increasingly lethargic. Finally, she refuses to get out of bed, complaining of chills. The nurse takes her temperature and
165 determines that she has a low-grade fever. In addition, the maximum sliding-scale insulin dose indicated in the medication orders is not controlling the patient's blood sugar as determined by finger-stick glucose measurement. The primary care physician was called and a decision was made to transfer the patient to an acute care hospital for follow-up. To prepare for the transfer, the charge nurse prepares the long-term care nursing documentation with an additional functional
170 assessment, indicating both what has been typical for this patient, and what the patient is currently exhibiting. The patient is transferred to the acute care setting, where her fever and glucose level are stabilized over a period of 3 days. She is then transferred back to the long-term care facility.

X.2.1.2 Use Case #2 Perioperative Care

175 A 70 year old male is scheduled for a Right Total Hip Arthroplasty with a diagnosis of osteoarthritis. The patient was instructed to report to Pre-Op to begin the perioperative process with the intent of being admitted to the hospital post the perioperative procedure. The patient has no other significant health history. This patient will be seen in Pre-Op, Operating Room, and PACU, and then transferred to the nursing unit. In each phase of care, additional services from
180 ancillary areas are needed.

X.2.2 Diagrams

185

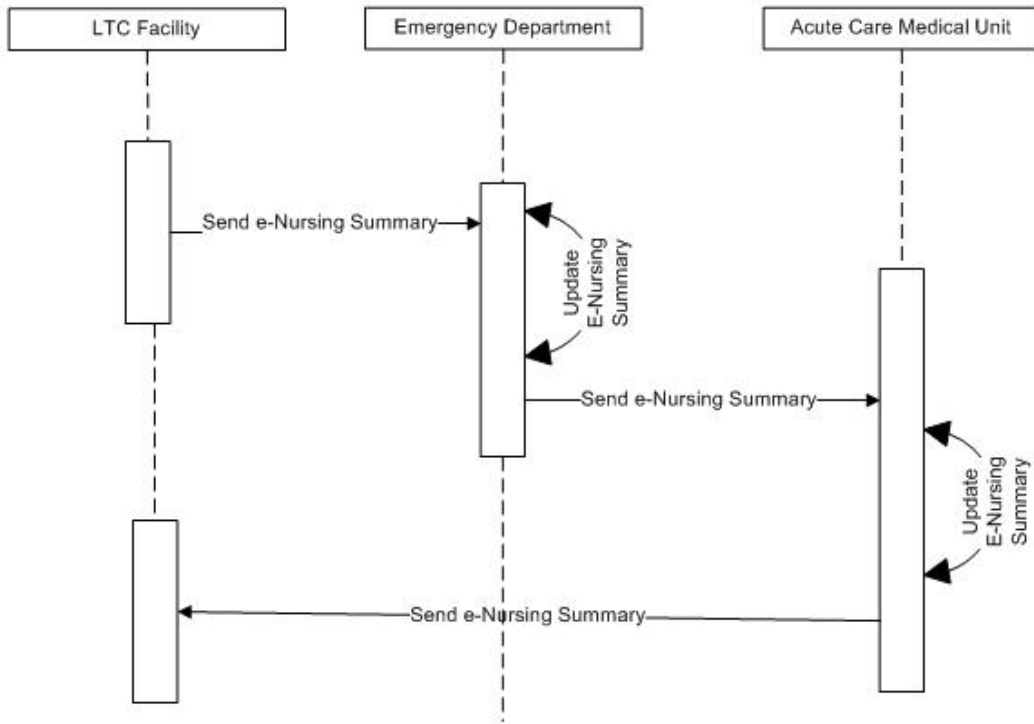


Figure X.2.2-1: Use Case #1 Basic Process Flow in eNursing Summary Profile

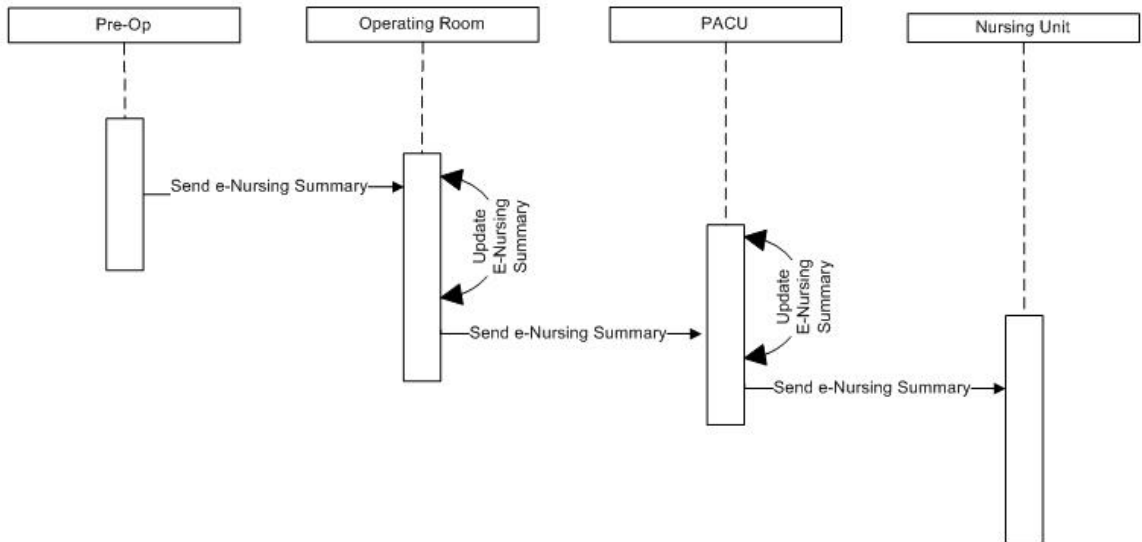


Figure X.2.2-2: Use Case #2 Basic Process Flow in eNursing Summary Profile

X.3 Actors/Transactions

There are two actors in this profile, the Content Creator and the Content Consumer. Content is created by a Content Creator and is to be consumed by a Content Consumer. The sharing or transmission of content from one actor to the other is addressed by the appropriate use of IHE profiles described below, and is out of scope of this profile. A Document Source or a Portable Media Creator may embody the Content Creator. A Document Consumer, a Document Recipient or a Portable Media Importer may embody the Content Consumer. The sharing or transmission of content or updates from one actor to the other is addressed by the use of appropriate IHE profiles described in the section on Content Bindings with XDS, XDM and XDR in PCC TF-2:4.1.



Figure X.3-1: Actor Diagram

205 X.3.1 Requirements of Actors

X.4 Options

Options that may be selected for this Profile are listed in the table X.4-1 along with the Actors to which they apply. Dependencies between options when applicable are specified in notes.

210

Table X.4-1: eNursing Summary Actors and Options

Actor	Option	Section
Content Consumer	View Option (See Note 1)	PCC TF-2:3.1.1
	Document Import Option (See Note 1)	PCC TF-2:3.1.2
	Section Import Option (See Note 1)	PCC TF-2:3.1.3
	Discrete Data Import Option (See Note 1)	PCC TF-2:3.1.4
Content Creator	No options defined	

Note 1: The Actor shall support at least one of these options.

X.5 Groupings

X.6 Security Considerations

X.7 Content Modules

215

Table X.7-1: eNursing Summary Content

eNursing Summary	PCC Template
Allergies	Allergies and Other Adverse Reactions
Activity Restriction	Provider Orders
Code Status	Coded Advance Directives
Level of Consciousness	Assessments
Cognitive abilities	History of Cognitive Function
Complications	Active Problems
Chief Complaint	Chief complaint
Admission Diagnosis	Hospital Adm Diagnosis
Discharge Diagnosis	Discharge Diagnosis
Date/time of report	Header Modules
Demographics	Header Modules
Devices	Medical Devices
Diet and Nutrition	Diet restrictions
Fluid Management	Fluid Management
Health Assessment	Assessment
Isolation	Procedures and Interventions
Lab Values	Coded Results
Medications	Medications
Mobility/fall risk	Assessment
Nurse rpt give/receive (signature)	Header Modules
Pain	Pain Scale Assessment
Physician(s) Name	Header Modules
Precautions	Treatment Plan
Primary language spoken	Header Modules
Procedure	Procedures and Interventions
Order list	Provider Orders
Oxygen	Treatment Plan
Special needs	Assessment
Vital Signs	Vital Signs
Wound	Assessment

X.8 References

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Glossary

255 The following terms are used in various places within this technical framework, and are defined below.

Actor

260 An entity within a use case diagram that can perform an action within a use case diagram. Possible actions are creation or consumption of a message.

Care Transitions

265 When a patient is transferred or discharged to another phase of care. The destination of the care transition can be to the patient's home or the individual's specific living arrangements (half-way house), another nursing unit within a provider's organization, hospice or home health care, a long-term care facility (nursing home), a specialty hospital, a rehabilitation hospital, or a public facility (jail).

Continuity of Care Document (CCD)

270 An HL7 Clinical Document Architecture (CDA) implementation alternative to ASTM ADJE2369 for institutions or organizations committed to HL7 standards. This specification was developed as a collaborative effort between ASTM and HL7. More information is available from <http://www.hl7.org>.

Communication

275 A process for the transfer of information from one entity to another. The process can be verbal or written, but requires a sender, a message, and a recipient.

Complications

280 A list of current or past health problems a patient is experiencing or has overcome.

Content Creator

The Content Creator is responsible for the creation of content and transmission to a Content Consumer.

285 **Content Consumer**

A Content Consumer Actor is responsible for viewing, import, or other processing of content created by a Content Creator Actor.

Clinical Document Architecture (CDA)

290 An HL7 standard for the exchange for clinical documents. It specifies the structure and semantics of clinical documents. More information is available from <http://www.hl7.org>.

Content Binding

295 A content binding describes how the payload used in an IHE transaction is related to and/or constrained by the data elements contained within the content sent or received in those transactions.

Fluid Management

300 The process of recording the patient’s input and output of fluid. Fluids can be consumed via, but not limited to: oral, intravenous, or irrigation. Output of fluids include, but are not limited to: any expulsion of bodily liquid (blood, urine, feces, sputum, bile, vomitus, perspiration, pus) via oral or rectal cavities, wounds, drains, tubes, catheters, or other medical devices.

Hand-offs

305 A transfer of patient information during transitions of care to ensure safety and provide continuity of care for the patient. This transfer of information is provided internally, within the health care organization, or externally, outside the health care organization.

Health Assessment

310 The screening/examining of an individual for their overall condition or optimal well-being (mind, body, and spirit).

Health Care Proxy

315 The legal appointment, power of attorney, of someone else, a proxy, other than yourself, to make healthcare decision for you when you are physically or cognitively unable to. The person designates a trusted individual to make medical decisions in the event of inability to make such decisions. It is a vehicle for directing his/her own treatment in the event of serious illness and/or loss of mental ability to communicate those wishes; in an Advanced Directive, the person indicates in advance, how treatment decisions are to be made with regard to the use of artificial
320 life support.

HIMSS

Healthcare Information and Management Systems Society.

HL7

325 Health Level Seven.

IHE

Integrating the Healthcare Enterprise.

330 **Institute for Healthcare Improvement (IHI)**

An independent not-for-profit organization helping to lead the improvement of health care throughout the world. IHI works to accelerate improvement by building the will for change, cultivating promising concepts for improving patient care, and helping health care systems put those ideas into action. It exists to close the gap between the health care we have and the health care we should have.

335

Interaction Diagram

A diagram that depicts data flow and sequencing of events.

340 **Interoperable**

The ability of health information systems to work together within and across organizational boundaries in order to advance the effective delivery of healthcare for individuals and communities.

345 **IT**

Information Technology.

ISO Reference Terminology Model

350 To establish a nursing reference terminology model consistent with the goals and objectives of other specific health terminology models in order to provide a more unified reference health model. This International Standard includes the development of reference terminology models for nursing diagnoses and nursing actions and relevant terminology and definitions for its implementation.

355 **Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes (LOINC®)**

A vocabulary developed by the Regenstrief Institute aimed at standardizing laboratory and clinical codes for use in clinical care, outcomes management, and research. Additional information found at <http://www.regenstrief.org/medinformatics/loinc/>.

360 **Mobility/Fall Risk**

A screening, or assessment, of a patient's balance, mobility, muscle strength, cognitive status, sensory impairments, physiological parameters and sometimes home environment to identify the patient's risk for falling and implementation, if needed, fall prevention interventions.

365 **PO**

A latin term "per os", meaning by mouth.

Pre-op

370 A phase of care that occurs immediately prior to admitting the patient into the operating room or procedure room.

Patient Identifier Domain

375 A single system or a set of interconnected systems that all share a common identification scheme for patients. Such a scheme includes: (1) a single identifier-issuing authority, (2) an assignment process of an identifier to a patient, (3) a permanent record of issued patient identifiers with associated traits, and (4) a maintenance process over time. The goal of Patient Identification is to reduce errors.

PDF

380 Portable Document Format.

Procedure

385 A surgery or an invasive examination of a patient that is required by quality review organizations to be preceded by a pre-procedure assessment of procedure risk and anesthesia risk. This assessment is typically referred to as a "Pre-operative" or "Pre-procedure History and Physical."

Process Flow Diagram

A graphical illustration of the flow of processes and interactions among the actors involved in a particular example.

390

Provider

An individual or any category of health care providers who deliver medical or health services and any other person or organization that supplies, bills, or is paid for health care. Including but not limited to: a doctor of medicine, osteopathy, optometry, dental science, podiatry, chiropractic, pharmacist, certified midwife, a registered nurse, a nursing home, a birthing center, or a hospital.

395

Role

The actions of an actor in a use case.

400

RSNA

Radiological Society of North America.

Scope

405 A brief description of the extent of identified profiles' transaction capacity.

SNOMED-CT®

A comprehensive clinical terminology, originally created by the College of American Pathologists (CAP) and, as of April 2007, owned, maintained, and distributed by the International Health Terminology Standards Development Organization (IHTSDO), a non-for-profit association in Denmark. The CAP continues to support SNOMED CT operations under contract to the IHTSDO and provides SNOMED-related products and services as a licensee of the terminology. More information available from <http://www.ihtsdo.org/> or the United States National Library of Medicine at

410

415 http://www.nlm.nih.gov/research/umls/Snomed/snomed_main.html.

Standardized Functional Status Assessments

A series of specific, objective, and standardized tests, which include interview questions and/or a physical examination, of an individual, to determine their level or their strengths or weaknesses related, but not limited to fine and gross motor skills, visual perception, sensory processing, social skills, or comfort level. The assessment is used to confirm the individual's current level of functional ability for activities of daily living.

420

The Joint Commission

425 An independent, not-for-profit organization, which accredits and certifies health care organizations and programs in the United States. Their accreditation and certification is recognized nationwide as a symbol of quality that reflects an organization’s commitment to meeting specific performance standards.

Transitions

430 Often referred to “hand-offs”. Transfer of patient and their care to another similarly licensed care provider. This occurs during a change in acuity, care site, or a different provider.

Trigger Event

435 An event such as the reception of a message or completion of a process, which causes another action to occur.

Use Case

A graphical depiction of the actors and operation of a system.

440 **XDS**

Cross Enterprise Document Sharing.

XDR

445 Cross-Enterprise Document Reliable Interchange.

Volume 2 – Transactions and Content Modules

5.0 Namespaces and Vocabularies

codeSystem	codeSystemName	Description

450

5.1 IHE Format Codes

Profile	Format Code	Media Type	Template ID
e-Nursing Summary (ENS)	urn:ihe:pcc:ens:2010	text/xml	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.20.1.3

6.0 PCC Content Modules

455 6.3 HL7 Version 3.0 Content Modules

<i>Add section 6.3.1.A</i>

6.3.1.A eNursing Summary 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.20.1.3

6.3.1.A.1 Format Code

The XDSDocumentEntry format code for this content is **urn:ihe:pcc:ens:2010**

460 6.3.1.A.2 LOINC Code

The LOINC code for this document is **28651-8** Nurse Transfer note

6.3.1.A.3 Standards

CCD	ASTM/HL7 Continuity of Care Document
CDAR2	HL7 CDA Release 2.0
CDTHP	CDA for Common Document Types History and Physical Notes (DSTU)

6.3.1.A.4 Specification

465 This section references content modules using Template Id as the key identifier. Definitions of the modules are found in either:

- IHE Patient Care Coordination Volume 2: Final Text
- IHE PCC Content Modules Supplement

Table 6.3.1.A.4-1 eNursing Summary Specification

Data Element Name	Opt	Section Template ID / Location	Value Set Template Id
Header Modules	R	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.2	
Allergies and Other Adverse Reactions	R	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.3.13 IHE PCC 2:6.3.3.2.11	
Care Plan	R2	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.3.36 PCC TF Supplement CDA Content Modules (TI) Vol 2: 6.3.3.6.15	
Coded Advance Directives (Coded and or Narrative Text)	R	Coded: 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.3.35 IHE PCC 2:6.3.3.6.6 Narr text: 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.3.34	
Active Problems	R	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.3.6	

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Data Element Name	Opt	Section Template ID / Location	Value Set Template Id
		IHE PCC 2:6.3.3.2.3	
Chief complaint	R2	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.13.2.1 IHE PCC 2:6.3.3.1.3	
Hospital Admission Diagnosis	R2	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.3.3 IHE PCC 2:6.3.3.1.4	
Discharge Diagnosis	R2	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.3.7 IHE PCC 2:6.3.3.2.4	
Medical Devices (External, visible devices)	R2	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.5.3.5 IHE PCC 2:6.3.3.2.19	
Medical Devices (Visible Implantable Devices)	R2	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.9.48	
Diet and Nutrition	R2	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.20.2.2 PCC TF Supplement CDA Content Modules (TI) Vol 2: 6.3.3.6.16	
Intake and Output	R2	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.20.2.3 PCC TF Supplement CDA Content Modules (TI) Vol 2: 6.3.3.6.17	
Coded Results	R2	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.3.28 IHE PCC 2:6.3.3.5.2	
Medications (list of active)	R	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.3.19 IHE PCC 2:6.3.3.3.3	
Medications Administered This section should be present when medications have been administered.	C	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.3.21	
Pain scale assessment section	R2	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.12.2.2 PCC TF Supplement CDA Content Modules (TI) Vol 2: 6.3.3.2.23	
Procedures and Interventions This section shall include isolation, mobility/fall risk and procedures.	R2	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.13.2.11 PCC TF Supplement CDA Content Modules (TI) Vol 2: 6.3.3.8.3	
Provider Orders	R2	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.20.2.1 PCC TF Supplement CDA Content Modules (TI) Vol 2: 6.3.3/6/11	
Family History This section should be	O	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.3.14	

Data Element Name	Opt	Section Template ID / Location	Value Set Template Id
present when there is relevant family history			
Social History This section should be present when there is relevant social history	O	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.3.16	
Assessments This section shall include level of consciousness, health assessment, special needs and wound.	R2	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.13.2.4 PCC TF Supplement CDA Content Modules (TI) Vol 2: 6.3.3.9.7	
Vital Signs	R2	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.3.25 IHE PCC 2:6.3.3.4.4	
Patient Instructions The patient education and consents section shall contain a description of the patient education the patient received, the results of the education, and the consents the patient signed.	R2	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.9.38	

470 *R = Required; R2 = Required if data present; O = Optional; C = Conditional*

6.3.1.B.5 Conformance

475 CDA Release 2.0 documents that conform to the requirements of this content module shall indicate their conformance by the inclusion of the appropriate <templateId> elements in the header of the document. This is shown in the sample document below. A CDA Document may conform to more than one template. This content module inherits from the [Medical Summary](#) content module, and so must conform to the requirements of that template as well, thus all <templateId> elements shown in the example below shall be included.

```

480 <ClinicalDocument xmlns='urn:hl7-org:v3'>
  <typeId extension="POCD_HD000040" root="2.16.840.1.113883.1.3"/>
  <templateId root='1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.2'/><!--Medical Summary-->
  <templateId root='1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.5.3.1.1.20.1.3'/><!--eNursing Summary-->
  <id root=' ' extension=' '/>
485 <code code='28651-8' displayName='Nursing Transfer note'
  codeSystem='2.16.840.1.113883.6.1' codeSystemName='LOINC'/>
  <title>eNursing Summary</title>
  <effectiveTime value='20090506012005'/>
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